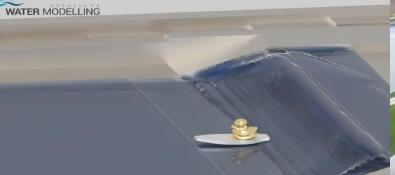
Just for Fun

Recreational Hydraulics



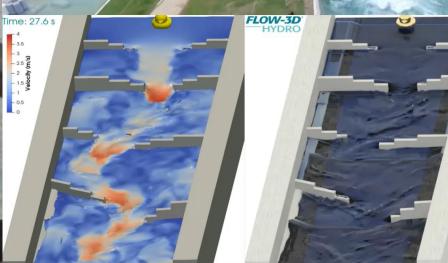






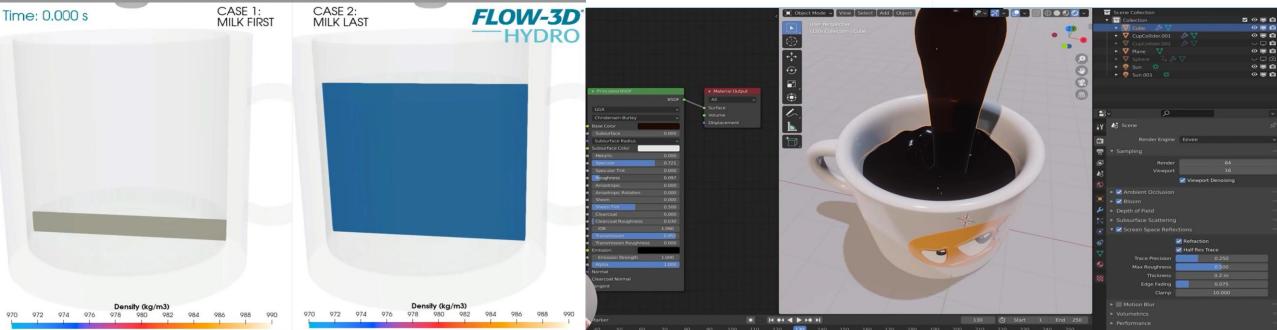






Case 1 Coanda Effect / Bernoulli's Principle







Velocity (m/s)



0 /

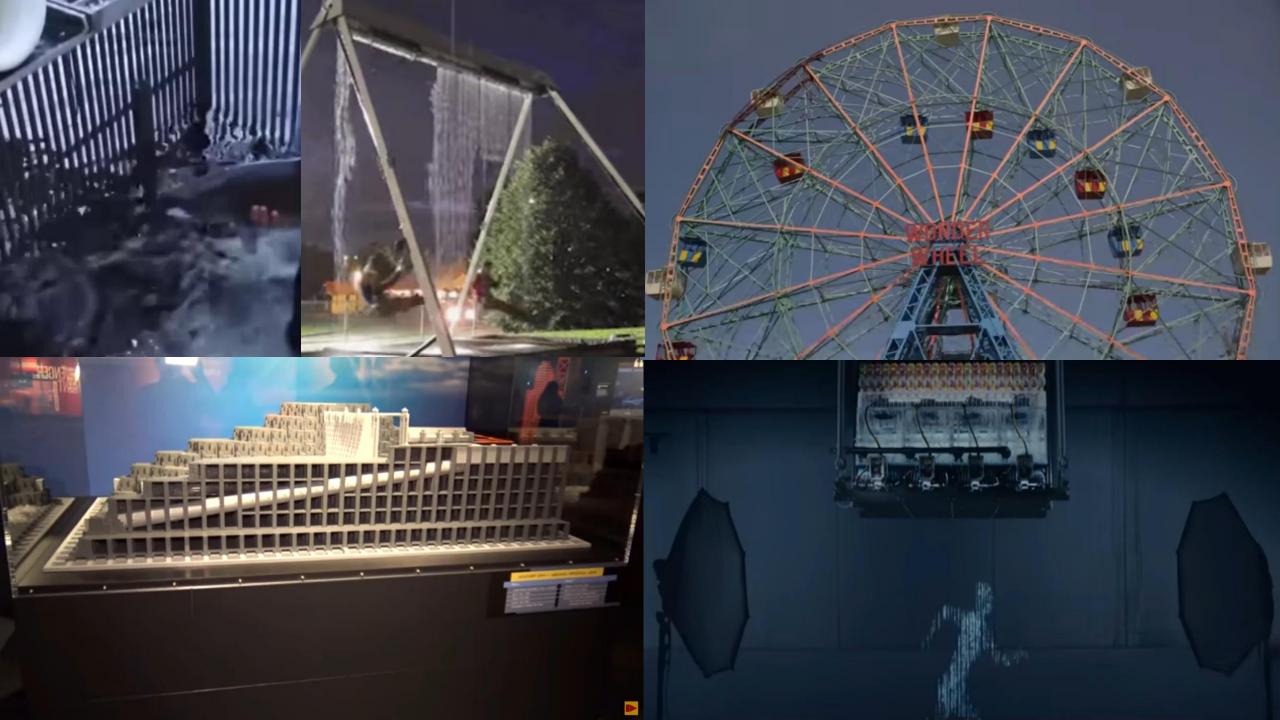
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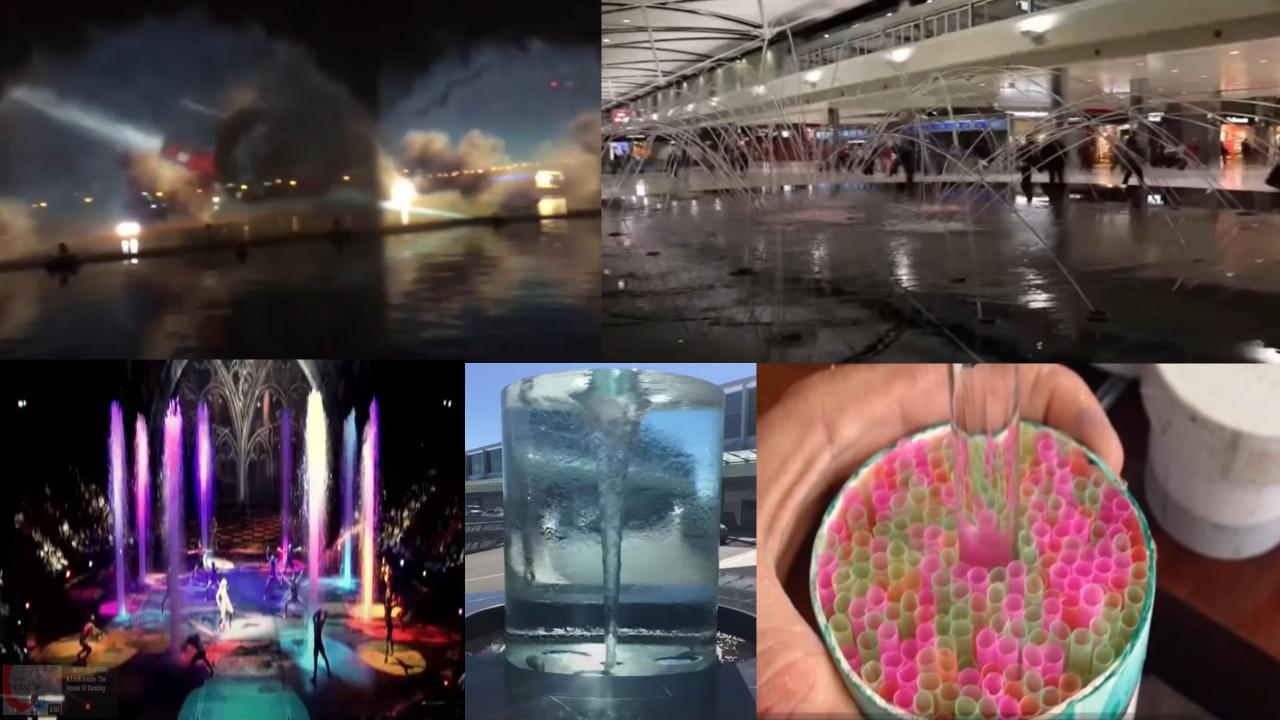


Time: 0.0 s

Image: Image:

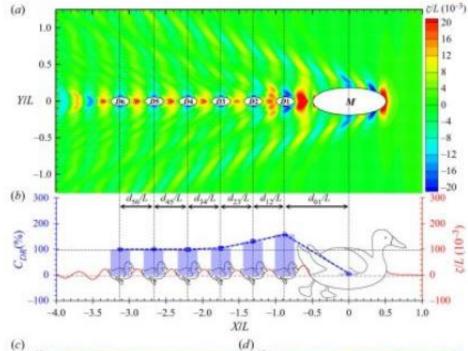


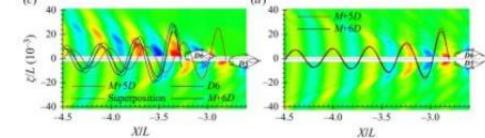




m 4 The physics of why ducklings swim in a row behind their mother m 4





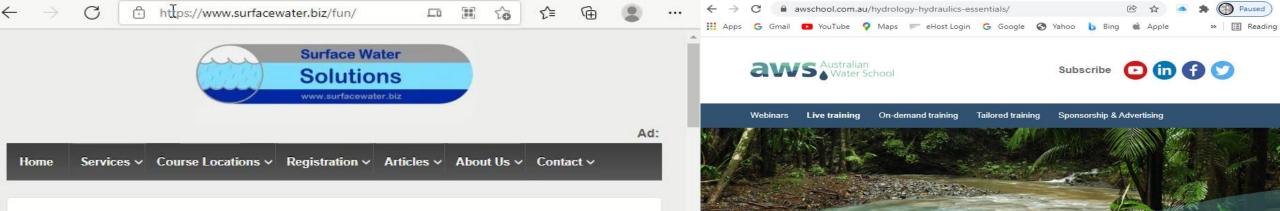












Home > Just for Fun: Recreational Hydraulics

Just for Fun: Recreational Hydraulics

To kick off our 2022 webinar series, we're changing things up a bit by highlighting applications for hydraulic modelling and design that are "just for fun". Register for the free webinar on the Australian Water School website here:





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Webinar: Just for fun: recreational hydraulics

Applying hydraulic concepts to artificial whitewater parks, wave pools, waterslides and more!



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From First Principles to Engineering Applications



AWS has designed the H&H Essentials series to be delivered as a series with each course flowing into the next. This enables attendees to build their skills piece by piece through every course.

Register for the ENTIRE series (via the AWS Learning Platform) and be rewarded with a 15% discount.

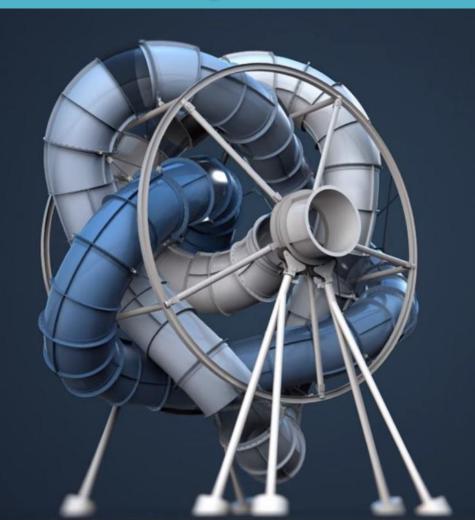
Series commences in May 2022.

Course Date	Surface Water Hydrology: Quantification of Flow
5 May	1. Meteorology and precipitation
12 May	2. Infiltration and losses
19 May	3. Flow routing
26 May	4. Stochastic hydrology
	Surface Water Hydraulics: Characterisation of Flow
9 Jun	5. Hydrostatics and open channel flow
16 Jun	6, 1D, 2D, and 3D flow
	V. 10, 20, and 00 now
23 Jun	7. <u>Pipe flow</u>

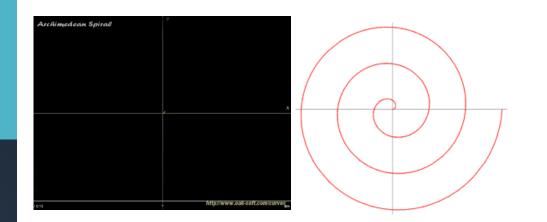
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Integrated Archimedian Spiral



Archimedes' Spiral



Archimedes' spiral is an Archimedean spiral with polar equation

 $r = a \theta$.

This spiral was studied by Conon, and later by Archimedes in *On Spirals* about 225 BC. Archimedes was able to work out the lengths of various tangents to the spiral.

The curvature of Archimedes' spiral is

$$\kappa(\theta) = \frac{2+\theta^2}{a\left(1+\theta^2\right)^{3/2}},$$

and the arc length is

$$s(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} a \left(\theta \sqrt{1 + \theta^2} + \sinh^{-1} \theta \right)$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} a \left[\theta \sqrt{1 + \theta^2} + \ln \left(\theta + \sqrt{1 + \theta^2} \right) \right].$$

This has the series expansion

$$s(\theta) = a \left\{ \theta + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \left[P_{n-3}(0) + \frac{n+1}{n} P_{n-1}(0) \right] \theta^k \right\}$$
$$= a \left(\theta + \frac{1}{6} \theta^3 - \frac{1}{40} \theta^5 + \frac{1}{112} \theta^7 - \frac{5}{1152} \theta^9 + \dots \right)$$



(5)

(6)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Download

Wolfram Notebook



